Implementation of

In implementing the Clean Water Act, EPA requires that all owners/operators of small MS4s reduce the discharge of pollutants from a regulated system to the "maximum extent practicable" to protect water quality.

- Why worry about storm water quality?
 - Quality of life
 - Drinking water usage of some streams
 - Cleaner streets
 - Reduced Operation & Maintenance of drainage systems
 - Land preservation
 - Community aesthetics
 - Wildlife habitat

History

- 1948 Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- 1972 Clean Water Act
- 1987
 - ✓ National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
 - ✓ Nonpoint Source (NPS) program

- Nonpoint pollution sources
 - Urban storm water runoff
 - Agricultural runoff
 - Construction site runoff
 - Industrial site runoff

Phase I review

- regulations adopted November 1990
- application began in 1992
- large & medium MS4s
- construction sites > 5 acres
- industrial activities
- exemptions
- DENR as permitting authority (1993)

- Phase II
 - final rule December 8, 1999
 - effective March 10, 2003
 - construction activities (January 1, 2003)
 - DENR as permitting authority (1993)

- Who has to comply?
 - Local government in "urbanized" area
 - Local government not in "urbanized" area
 - Physical connection to covered local government
 - Contributors to water body impairment
 - Municipal industrial facilities
 - Federal and state agency facilities

Storm Water Phase II Impacted Communities in SD

- ✓ Rapid City
- ✓ North Sioux City
- ✓ Aberdeen
- ✓ Watertown
- ✓ Brookings
- ✓ Mitchell

- ✓ Pierre
- ✓ Yankton
- ✓ Huron
- ✓ Vermillion
- ✓ Spearfish
- ✓ Sturgis
- **✓** SDDOT

- Who will be impacted?
 - The development community
 - Contracting/Construction community
 - The general public
 - City government

- Requirements Construction and other
 - construction: land disturbances > 1 acre
 - separate state permit coverage
 - comply with local government requirements
 - local & state coordination

- Requirements MS4s
 - Best Management Practices(BMPS) for 6 minimum measures
 - measurable goals
 - schedule/frequency of activities
 - responsible entity
 - evaluation & assessment
 - recordkeeping
 - annual reporting

- Six Minimum Control Measures
 - Public Education & Outreach
 - Public Involvement & Participation
 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
 - Construction Site Runoff Control
 - Post-Construction Management
 - Municipal Pollution Prevention/Housekeeping

Public Education & Outreach

- education &/or outreach program
- storm water impacts
- individual's efforts to reduce pollution
- lawn and garden, household hazardous wastes, pet waste management
- target audiences, displays, brochures, PSAs

- Public Involvement/Participation
 - minimum: public notice requirements
 - development, implementation, and review
 - storm drain stenciling, wetland restoration, annual stream clean-up, Adopt-a-Stream
 - volunteers for education, task forces, stakeholder meetings, public hearings, open houses

- Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination
 - Up-dated storm sewer mapping
 - regulatory mechanism for the prohibition of non-storm water discharges
 - program: detect and eliminate (including enforcement)
 - inform/educate public employees, businesses, and general public

- Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination
 - Household waste dumping
 - Irrigation
 - Groundwater
 - Street and parking lot wash water
 - Lawn Clippings
 - Paint washout at curb
 - Oil Change dumping at inlets or in backyard areas

- Construction Site Runoff Control
 - Erosion/sediment control ordinance with sanctions for non-compliance
 - Construction site waste control requirements
 - Site plan review procedures
 - Public input procedures and opportunities
 - Site inspection and enforcement

- Construction Site Runoff Control
 - Runoff Control
 - Erosion Control
 - Sediment Control
 - Good Housekeeping

Post-Construction Management

- long term O&M (policies & procedures)
- promote prevention vs treatment
- adopt BMP strategies appropriate for our community
- assess/revise existing programs and ordinances
- watershed-based planning, wetlands, open space, buffers, vegetation, reduced impervious surface area, education

- Pollution Prevention/Housekeeping
 - Operation and maintenance program
 - Employee training to prevent and reduce pollution
 - Fleet & building maintenance, MS4
 maintenance, pet waste disposal, vehicle
 maintenance & washing, lawn care, snow
 disposal, parking lot and street cleaning

• Biggest Issues to address:

Funding source-to do this right, we will need to increase funding. The creation of the Storm Sewer Utility is a step in the right direction.

Staffing-to keep this on task, we need to have enough staff dedicated to keeping this project moving forward.